Ch. 7 Notes: ***5.4.1*** *Summarize changes in daily life in the boom period of the 1920s, including the improved standard of living; the popularity of new technology such as automobiles, airplanes, radio, and movies; the Harlem Renaissance and the Great Migration; Prohibition; and racial and ethnic conflict.*

**1. How did new technology affect America in the 1920’s?**

The 1920s were often called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because new technology made the standard of living rise. Mass production on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lines made automobiles, airplanes, radios, and movies available to many people. However, many sharecroppers, farmers, and factory workers were too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be able to buy many of the things they helped to produce.

**2. How did the automobile change the everyday life of Americans?**

a. Henry Ford was able to lower the cost of automobiles by using \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ production and a moving assembly line. Using these methods, he was able to make 6 cars for the price of 1.

b. Because of relatively cheap, mass-produced automobiles, people could travel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, live further from work, shop and attend events farther from home, and go on vacations farther away.

c. Because of automobiles, there was an increased demand for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, tires, rubber, gasoline, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and steel.

d. The growth of the automobile industry caused a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in other industries, causing growth in the rubber industry to produce tires, the \_\_\_ industry to produce gasoline, construction to build roads, and the development of gas stations to fuel the automobiles.

e. Communities outside a city, called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, grew because of the automobile, since now people could live outside of the crowded cities and drive in to work in the city.

**3. How did entertainment change as a result of new technology in the 20’s?**

a. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reached millions of families and sports such as football, basketball, and baseball became very popular.

b. Moving pictures, called “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,” became popular during the 20’s. At first, these were silent films, but by 1927, sound was added to make “talkies.”

Ch. 7 Notes: ***5.4.1*** *Summarize changes in daily life in the boom period of the 1920s, including the improved standard of living; the popularity of new technology such as automobiles, airplanes, radio, and movies; the Harlem Renaissance and the Great Migration; Prohibition; and racial and ethnic conflict.*

**1. How did new technology affect America in the 1920’s?**

The 1920s were often called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because new technology made the standard of living rise. Mass production on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lines made automobiles, airplanes, radios, and movies available to many people. However, many sharecroppers, farmers, and factory workers were too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to be able to buy many of the things they helped to produce.

**2. How did the automobile change the everyday life of Americans?**

a. Henry Ford was able to lower the cost of automobiles by using \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ production and a moving assembly line. Using these methods, he was able to make 6 cars for the price of 1.

b. Because of relatively cheap, mass-produced automobiles, people could travel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, live further from work, shop and attend events farther from home, and go on vacations farther away.

c. Because of automobiles, there was an increased demand for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, tires, rubber, gasoline, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and steel.

d. The growth of the automobile industry caused a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in other industries, causing growth in the rubber industry to produce tires, the \_\_\_ industry to produce gasoline, construction to build roads, and the development of gas stations to fuel the automobiles.

e. Communities outside a city, called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, grew because of the automobile, since now people could live outside of the crowded cities and drive in to work in the city.

**3. How did entertainment change as a result of new technology in the 20’s?**

a. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reached millions of families and sports such as football, basketball, and baseball became very popular.

b. Moving pictures, called “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,” became popular during the 20’s. At first, these were silent films, but by 1927, sound was added to make “talkies.”

Ch. 7 Notes: ***5.4.1*** *Summarize changes in daily life in the boom period of the 1920s, including the improved standard of living; the popularity of new technology such as automobiles, airplanes, radio, and movies; the Harlem Renaissance and the Great Migration; Prohibition; and racial and ethnic conflict.*

**1. How did new technology affect America in the 1920’s?**

The 1920s were often called the Roaring Twenties because new technology made the standard of living rise. Mass production on assembly lines made automobiles, airplanes, radios, and movies available to many people. However, many sharecroppers, farmers, and factory workers were too poor to be able to buy many of the things they helped to produce.

**2. How did the automobile change the everyday life of Americans?**

a. Henry Ford was able to lower the cost of automobiles by using mass production and a moving assembly line. Using these methods, he was able to make 6 cars for the price of 1.

b. Because of relatively cheap, mass-produced automobiles, people could travel farther and faster, live further from work, shop and attend events farther from home, and go on vacations farther away.

c. Because of automobiles, there was an increased demand for roads, tires, rubber, gasoline, oil, and steel.

d. The growth of the automobile industry caused a **Domino Effect** in other industries, causing growth in the rubber industry to produce tires, the oil industry to produce gasoline, construction to build roads, and the development of gas stations to fuel the automobiles.

e. Communities outside a city, called suburbs, grew because of the automobile, since now people could live outside of the crowded cities and drive in to work in the city.

**3. How did entertainment change as a result of new technology in the 20’s?**

a. Radio reached millions of families and sports such as football, basketball, and baseball became very popular.

b. Moving pictures, called “movies,” became popular during the 20’s. At first, these were silent films, but by 1927, sound was added to make “talkies.”